Status of simulation software in OPM



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Overview of simulators

> FLOW (Fully implicit black-oil simulator)

- Polymer flooding
- Thermal simulations
- > Ewoms
- > Single-phase and steady state upscaling
- > PORSOL (IMPES black-oil simulator)
- > Multiple solvers for 2-phase flow
- > Vertical equilibrium simulator (2-phase flow)



FLOW (Fully implicit black-oil simulator)



- > Based on automatic differensialization
- > IO
 - Read Eclipse decks
 - Output Eclipse summary, restart and egrid files
- > Grid
 - Corner point geometry with faults
 - Modification of transmissibilities
 - Region multipliers
 - Fault multipliers
 - Net-to-gross
 - MINPV / PINCH
- > Initialization
 - Equilibrium
 - Initial water saturation

- > Properties
 - Dissolved gas
 - Vaporized oil
 - Capillary pressure
 - End-point scaling
 - Hysteresis (using end-point scaling)
 - Oil vaporization controls (VAPPARS)
- > Wells
 - Control: BHP, surface rates and reservoir rates, (Group)
 - Shutting/Stopping/Opening wells and individual completions
 - History matching wells
- > CPR preconditioner
- > Time-step controls

OPM meeting, Trondheim, 11 March

Comparison SPE 9

- > 9000 cells
- > high degree of heterogeneity in the permeability field.
- > 25 producers and one injector. Well controls changed several times during simulation.





BHP





Oil production





Gas production





→ OPM
Industry standard simulator

Water production





Comparison Norne

- > 44431 active cells
- > 10 years of historical injection and production rates
- > 8 injectors and 28 producers
- > End-point scaling
- > Hysteresis







Norne results: Production wells













IRIS

Water







B-2H:WWPR



OPM meeting, Trondheim, 11 March

1000 1500 Dayr

Norne results: Producing wells





Norne results: Producing wells





Norne results: Injecting wells













Norne results: Injecting wells













Performance SPE1 and SPE9



		SPE 1	SPE 9
Total time (sec.)	Eclipse OPM (BiCG + iLU + tuning) OPM (Gmres + iLU)	0.4 1.65 (<mark>4.1</mark>) 3.19 (7.9)	3.3 39.2 (<mark>11.9</mark>) 67.4 (20.4)
Total Newtons	Eclipse OPM (BiCG + iLU + tuning) OPM (Gmres + iLU)	246 190 331	154 167 206
Total linear solves	Eclipse OPM (BiCG + iLU + tuning) OPM (Gmres + iLU)	639 450 1476	892 406 1510

Performance Norne



		Norne
Total time (sec.)	Eclipse OPM (BiCG + fastAMG + tuning) OPM (BiCG + fastAMG + tuning) OPM (Gmres + iLU)	852 5452 (<mark>6.4</mark>) 7848 (<mark>9.2</mark>) >15000 (>17.6)
Total Newtons	Eclipse OPM (BiCG + AMG + tuning) OPM (BiCG + AMG + tuning) OPM (Gmres + iLU)	2241 2635 3882 >4000
Total linear solves	Eclipse OPM (BiCG + AMG + tuning) OPM (BiCG + AMG + tuning) OPM (Gmres + iLU)	20852 7922 12593 >20000

FLOW-Polymer

- > Compressible oil-water-polymer solver
- > Black-oil-polymer solver
- > (Also a sequential version)



FLOW-Thermal

- > Temperature dependent properties
 (x(p,T) = x_p(p) *x_T(T))
- > Iso-thermal
- > TODO: Solve energy equation





eWoms

eWoms not a simulator, but a framework to easily create one:

- > Fully implicit solvers:
 - Element centered finite volume method
 - Vertex centered finite volume method
 - Implicit Euler for time discretization
- Currently featuring 7 porous media flow models, including
 - Richards
 - Immiscible fluids
 - Black-oil
 - Three fully compositional models
- Support for MPI and OpenMP (thread) parallelism
- > Uses linear solvers of Dune-ISTL

- Support for the ECL decks via 'ebos' simulator
 - Same results as 'flow' and Eclipse 100 for SPE1 and SPE9
 - Some more advanced features not yet implementet
- Support for arbitrary number of fluid phases in all "generic" model
- Optional energy conservation for most model
- All models switchable between Darcy and Forchheimer velocities



SPE 9 results. EBOS





Prod 10

Prod 20



Upscaling

- > Permeability (single-phase)
 - Flow-based: solve directional pressure problems
 - Much more accurate than harmonic averaging etc.
 - Mimetic discretization of pressure
 - Linear solver: dune-istl AMG (or FastAMG)
 - Fixed, Linear or Periodic boundaries
 - Produces symmetric tensor (with periodic boundaries)





- Relative permeability (two-phase)
 - Compute a steady-state for given configuration
 - Depends on flow direction, pressure drop, initial saturation
 - Compute upscaled perm based on phase mobilities
 - Produces full tensor relperm as output
 - Computing steady states
 - Two-phase incompressible, immiscible flow
 - Include capillary pressure, gravity
 - Fixed, Linear or Periodic boundaries
 - Pressure: mimetic discretization, AMG
 - Saturation: TPFA discretization, explicit or implicit Euler

Next steps (for the FLOW simulator)



- > Energy equation
- > Extended black-oil model (3 phase, 4 component) for CO2-EOR simulations
- > Continue adding features to support new fields.
- > Parallelization
- > Refactoring
- > Performance
- > Release