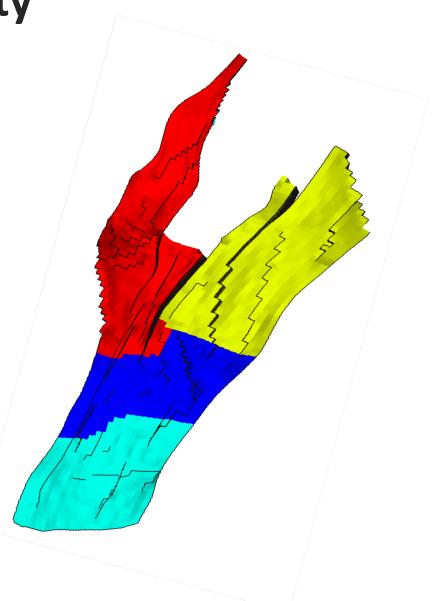
Mesh partitioning in presence of strong coefficient heterogeneity

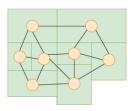
Andreas Thune

24. January 2019

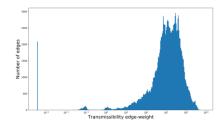




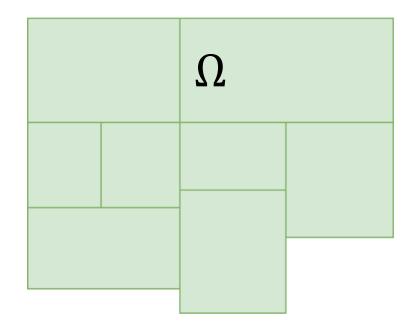
This presentation focuses on mesh-partitioning in OPM's Flow reservoir simulator.



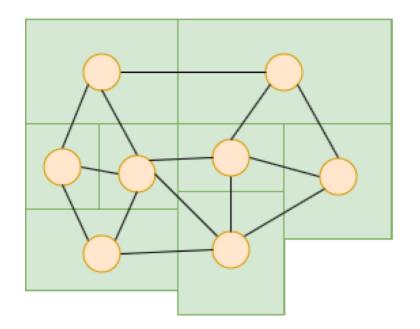
Domain decomposition and weighted graph partitioning schemes.

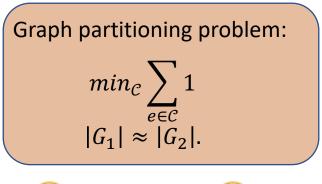


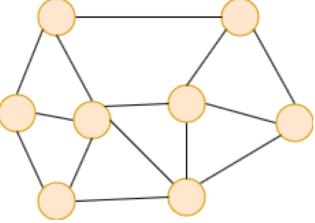
Experiments on alternative strategies.

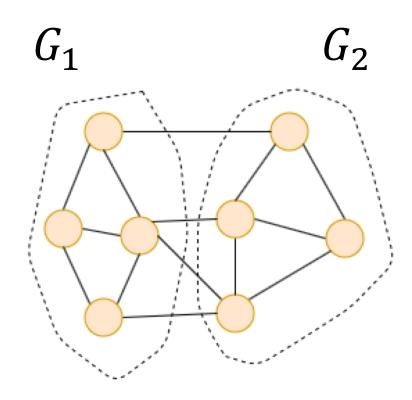


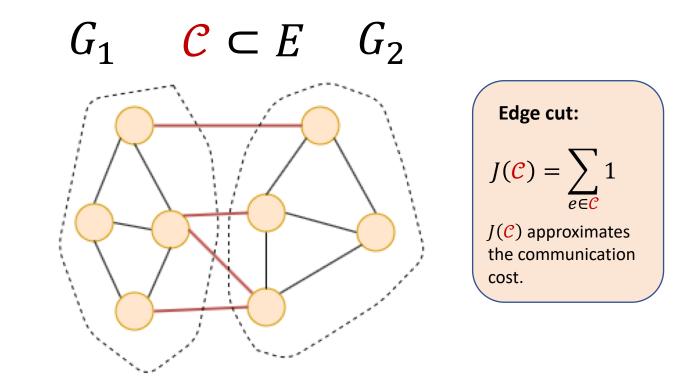
 $\Omega \to G = (V, E)$

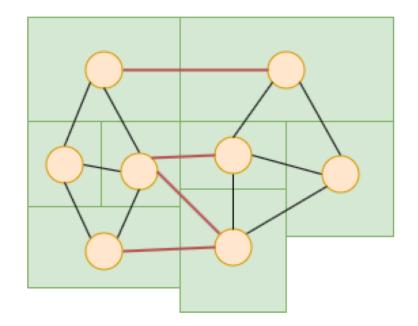


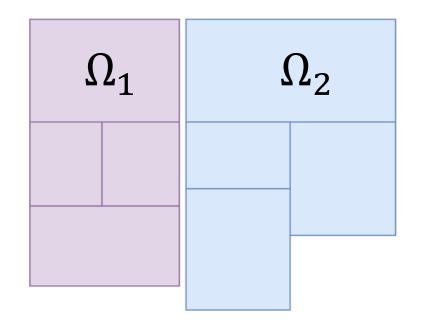




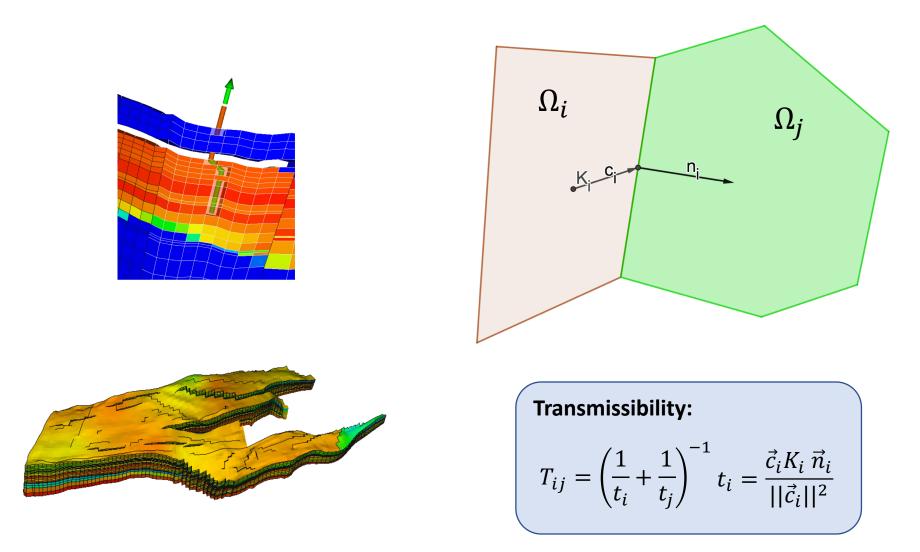




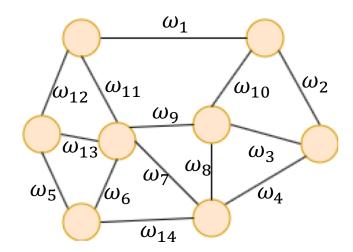


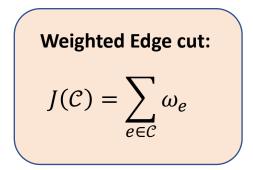


Heterogenous geological properties of the reservoir and wells motivates edge-weights in the partitioning scheme.

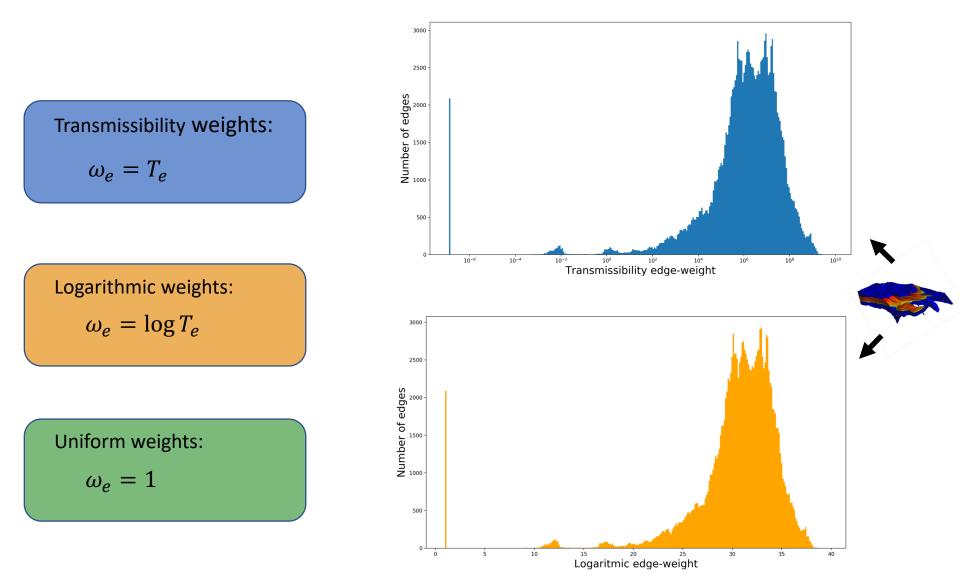


Heterogenous geological properties of the reservoir and wells motivates edge-weights in the partitioning scheme.

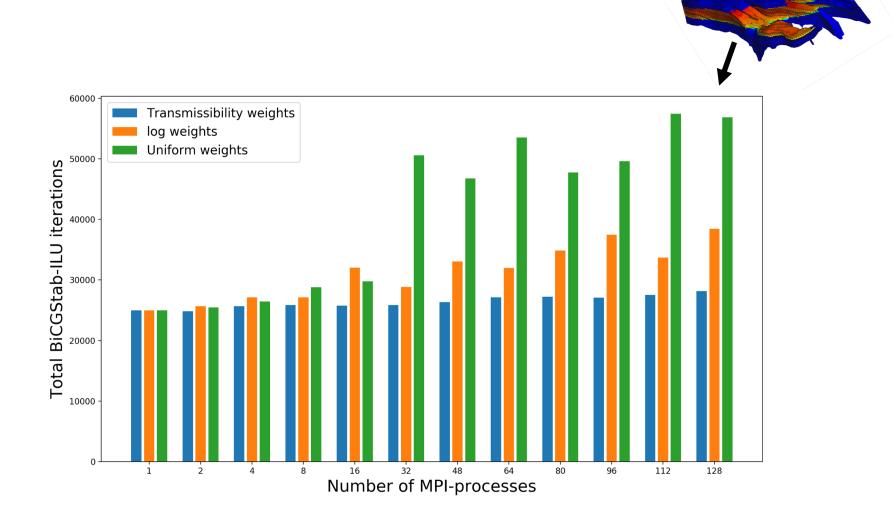




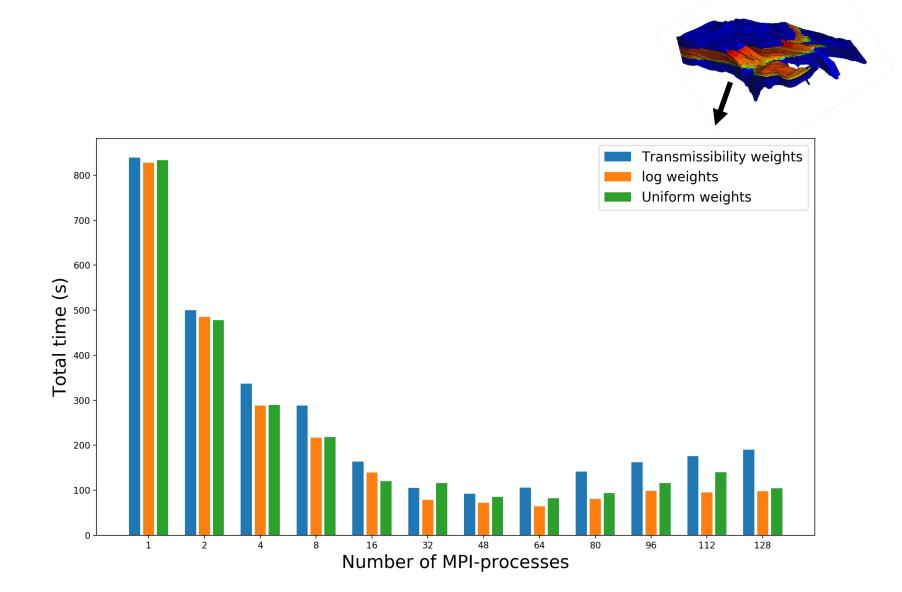
A weighting strategy based on cell-face transmissibility yield very heterogenous edge-weights.



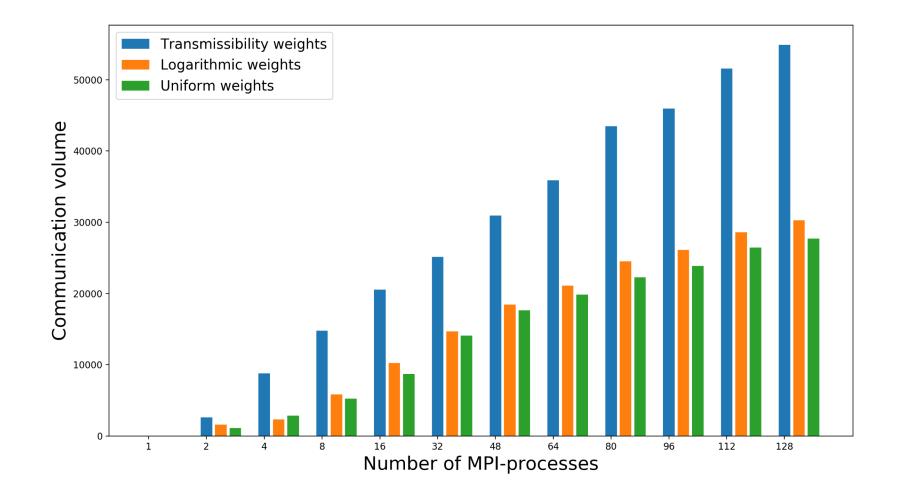
The edge-weights have a positive impact on the numerical effectiveness of the simulator.



When considering overall performance the impact of edge-weights are not necessarily positive.



Transmissibility edge-weights results in higher communication volume than logarithmic and uniform edge-weights.



In summary, mesh partitioning greatly effects the parallel performance for problems with heterogeneity.

Including edge-weights in the graph partitioning scheme impacts the numerical performance and the parallel efficiency of Flow.

