

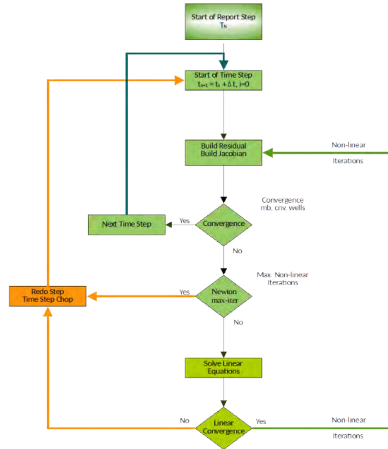
The PYACTION keyword

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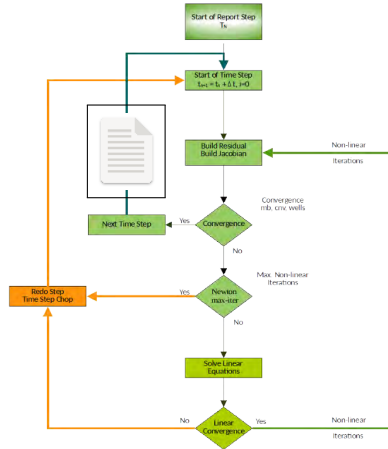
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execute a Python script embedded in a running flow simulation



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- change properties (well properties, transmissibilities, ...) depending on conditions
→ ACTIONX and UDQ keywords
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⇒ **More flexible and easier with embedded Python code** 😊

What are the benefits of the PYACTION keyword?



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- What can I do in the embedded Python code? How does this relate to ACTIONX?
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How do I use the PYACTION keyword?

1. Build flow with `OPM_EMBEDDED_PYTHON=ON`, e.g., in `opm-common/CMakeLists.txt`

```
CMakeLists.txt
1 cmake_minimum_required (VERSION 3.10)
2 project(opm-common C CXX)
3
4 option(SIBLING_SEARCH "Search for other modules in sibling directories?" ON)
5 list(APPEND CMAKE_MODULE_PATH ${PROJECT_SOURCE_DIR}/cmake/Modules)
6 set(OPM_MACROS_ROOT ${PROJECT_SOURCE_DIR})
7
8 option(ENABLE_ECL_INPUT "Enable eclipse input support?" ON)
9 option(ENABLE_ECL_OUTPUT "Enable eclipse output support?" ON)
10 option(ENABLE MOCKSIM "Build the mock simulator for io testing" ON)
11 option(OPM_ENABLE_PYTHON "Enable python bindings?" OFF)
12 option(OPM_INSTALL_PYTHON "Install python bindings?" ON)
13 option(OPM_ENABLE_EMBEDDED_PYTHON "Enable embedded python?" ON)
```

How do I use the PYACTION keyword?



1. Build flow with OPM_EMBEDDED_PYTHON=ON
2. Add PYACTION keyword to DATA-file in SCHEDULE-section

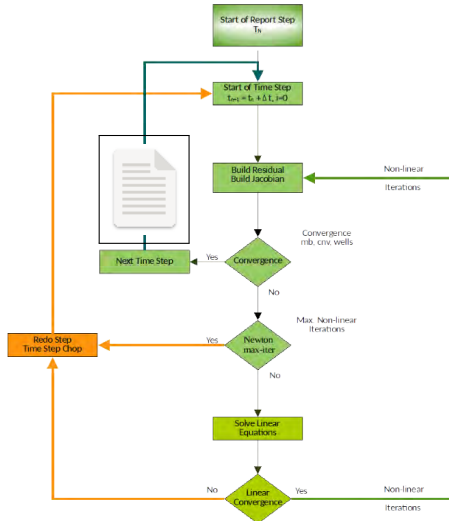
```
...  
SCHEDULE  
  
...  
PYACTION  
<PYACTION_NAME> <SINGLE/UNLIMITED> /  
<pythonscript> /  
...
```

How do I use the PYACTION keyword?



1. Build flow with `OPM_EMBEDDED_PYTHON=ON`
2. Add `PYACTION` keyword to `DATA`-file in `SCHEDULE`-section
3. Create / Provide the python file
4. Run flow

How do I use the PYACTION keyword?



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- What can I do in the embedded Python code? How does this relate to ACTIONX?
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What can I do in the embedded Python code?

```
1 # Python module opm_embedded
2 import opm_embedded
3
4 # The current Opm::EclipseState
5 ecl_state = opm_embedded.current_ecl_state
6
7 # The current Opm::Schedule
8 schedule = opm_embedded.current_schedule
9
10 # The current Opm::SummaryState
11 summary_state = opm_embedded.current_summary_state
12
13 # The current report step
14 report_step = opm_embedded.current_report_step
```

What can I do in the embedded Python code?

- insert keywords

```
1 kw = """
2 GCONPROD
3 FIELD      GRAT  1*      1*      250E3  1*      RATE  1*      1*
4   1*      1*      /
5 /"""
6 schedule.insert_keywords(kw)
```

- tested with GCONPROD, WCONPROD, MULTXYZ, WEFAC, WELOPEN, NEXTSTEP
- open/shut/stop a well:

```
1 schedule.open_well("P1")
2 schedule.shut_well("P2")
3 schedule.stop_well("P3")
```


What can I do in the embedded Python code?

- insert keywords

```
1 kw = """
2 GCONPROD
3 FIELD      GRAT  1*      1*      250E3  1*      RATE  1*      1*
4   1*      1*      /
5 /"""
6 schedule.insert_keywords(kw, report_step)
```

- tested with GCONPROD, WCONPROD, MULTXYZ, WEFAC, WELOPEN, NEXTSTEP
- open/shut/stop a well:

```
1 schedule.open_well("P1", report_step)
2 schedule.shut_well("P2", report_step)
3 schedule.stop_well("P3", report_step)
```

What can I do in the embedded Python code?

- access / set variables of the SummaryState

```
1 FGPR = summary_state["FGPR"]
2
3 WGOR_OP01 = summary_state.well_var("OP01", "WGOR")
4 WGOR_OP02 = summary_state.well_var("OP02", "WGOR")
5 GOPR_FIELD = summary_state.group_var("FIELD", "GOPR")
6
7 if (not "FU_GASFL" in summary_state):
8     summary_state["FU_GASFL"] = 0
```

- ... and normal Python code

How does this relate to ACTIONX and UDQ?



- `insert_keyword` does the same as an ACTIONX
- examples in `opm-test`: \approx 50% shorter, easier Python code replaces ACTIONX and UDQ
- some embedded Python code is probably very hard to realize with ACTIONX and UDQ

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- `insert_keyword` does the same as an ACTIONX
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⇒ **Embedded Python code is more flexible and easier** 😊

How does this relate to ACTIONX and UDQ?



- former signature is still available

```
1 def run(ecl_state, schedule, report_step, summary_state, actionx_callback):  
2     ...
```

- run function (with actionx_callback) is not necessary anymore

What are the benefits of the PYACTION keyword?



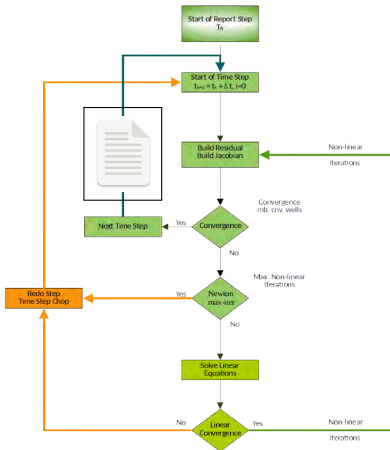
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How does this relate to the Python bindings?

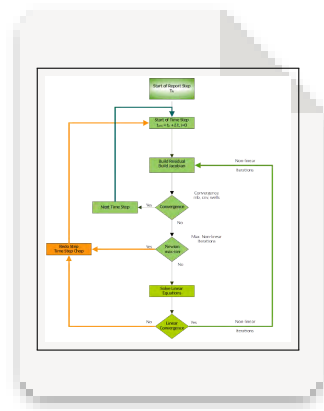
```
1 import os
2 import sys
3 from opm.simulators import BlackOilSimulator
4 from opm.io.parser import Parser
5 from opm.io.ecl_state import EclipseState
6 from opm.io.schedule import Schedule
7 from opm.io.summary import SummaryConfig
8
9 deck = Parser().parse('SAMPLE_DECK.DATA')
10 state = EclipseState(deck)
11 schedule = Schedule(deck, state)
12 summary_config = SummaryConfig(deck, state, schedule)
13
14 sim = BlackOilSimulator(deck, state, schedule, summary_config)
15 sim.step_init()
16 sim.step()
17 poro = sim.get_porosity()
18 poro = poro *.95
19 sim.set_porosity(poro)
20 sim.step()
21 sim.step()
22 sim.step()
23 sim.step_cleanup()
```

How does this relate to the Python bindings?

PYACTION

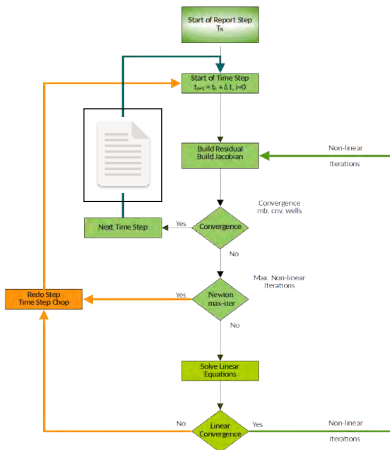


Python bindings



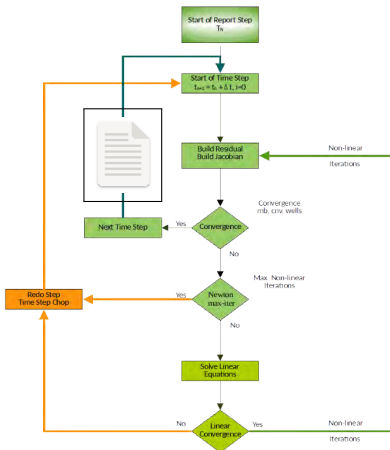
Summary

PYACTION



- execute a Python script embedded in a running simulation
- **opm_embedded** module: access to current EclipseState, SummaryState, Schedule and Report Step

PYACTION



- online Sphinx documentation?
- parallel use of OPM?
- some code is shared between the Python bindings and embedded Python → remove or specifically test that
- enable the use of all ACTIONX keywords for insert_keywords

Thank you 😊

